## FFWPU Europe and the Middle East: Lawyer Requests Open Hearings in FFWPU Dissolution Case

Knut Holdhus August 20, 2025



Tatsuki Nakayama - Born in Kanagawa Prefecture in 1974. I graduated from the University of Tokyo Faculty of Law. Registered as a lawyer in 2005. Completed the National University of Singapore Law School in 2010. Worked as an international lawyer at a Singapore law firm before opening Nakayama International Law Office in 2015. Certified Fraud Examiner (2016), and also completed the Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy. Major works include Global Governance Compliance, among others.



In country not known to have independent judiciary, experienced attorney calls for open hearings, arguing that transparency best ensures neutrality and fairness in ongoing proceedings

Tokyo, 19th August 2025 - Published as an article in the Japanese newspaper <u>Sekai Nippo</u>. Republished with permission. Translated from Japanese. <u>Original article</u>.

[Part 2 of interview with International Lawyer Tatsuki Nakayama]

"Victim Compensation and Dissolution Mechanism Are Unrelated"

Call for Open Court Hearings in Dissolution Case

by the editorial department of **Sekai Nippo** 

(Interview by the Freedom of Religion Reporting Team)

See part 1 of the interview: <u>Invented Harm, Lawfare, and Dissolution Order</u>

- You issued a statement calling for "fair and impartial hearings on the dissolution of religious corporations" and launched a signature campaign. What impact do you expect?

Whatever the degree of impact, I am doing this with the view that it could influence the court.

The <u>allegations of forged Ministry of Education (MEXT) statements</u> have been reported by believer Hiroshi Ogasawara (小笠原裕) and attorney Shinichi Tokunaga (徳永信一). Ideally, this would be taken seriously and lead to a criminal investigation. The Ministry has submitted statements from about 200 alleged victims, but if the court does not regard the credibility of the Ministry's evidence with caution, that will be problematic. It is also terrible that the court has ignored data from after the compliance



Press conference disclosing the allegations of forced statements, released on 11th March 2025, via the YouTube channel "Ogasawara Family Church Channel". Hiroshi Ogasawara (right) and attorney Shinichi Tokunaga



Setsu Kobayashi, author, constitutional scholar and professor emeritus at Keio University, Japan



Nozomi Kojima, representative of "The Second-Generation Association for Protecting the Human Rights of Believers", speaking at a press conference on March 26, 2025 in Shibuya, Tokyo, Japan

- The procedures of the Religious Affairs Council of Agency for Cultural Affairs and the exercise of the government's questioning authority are not public. Why do you think the dissolution trial is being held behind closed doors?

Legally, the principle is that trials should be public. But under the pretext of the state's supervisory role, dissolution proceedings are classified as non-contentious cases [See editor's note 2 below] and therefore closed to the public. Even if answers to the government's questions are withheld for privacy reasons, this is the age of information disclosure, whether for administrative procedures or anything else. Transparency is essential.

Even if administrative processes are kept private, in this case the state and a <u>religious corporation</u> are in an adversarial relationship. The court deciding such a case must be neutral. To ensure neutrality, the Constitution requires trials to be public in principle. Based on this constitutional principle, the hearings should be open. Constitutional scholar Setsu Kobayashi (小林節) has also <u>argued for openness</u>.

- How could the case be brought into open court?

There are paths. Recently, at a press conference, attorney
Tokunaga and Nozomi Kojima (小嶌希晶) of the "Association to
Protect the Human Rights of Second-Generation Believers" argued
for the <u>participation of interested parties</u> in the dissolution trial.
Since the principle is openness, it is only natural that believers and
staff with strong interests be allowed to participate. Other methods
are also under consideration.

- Do you see the recent group lawsuit filed by second-generation believers seeking damages from the <u>religious organization</u> as a move aimed at influencing the appeal hearing in the High Court?

I don't know the details, but if doctrine itself were the problem, they could have filed damage claims before the Abe incident. Doing so at this particular time is essentially an attempt to steer public opinion against the <a href="Family Federation">Family Federation</a> and push the court toward ordering dissolution. Some second-generation believers are

seeking compensation for family suicides that occurred after the Abe incident, but in many cases, this is due more to media coverage than doctrine itself.



The Agency for Cultural Affairs has also announced a draft outline of guidelines from its study panel on the liquidation of designated religious corporations. It already addresses the issue of residual assets (remaining property after liquidation), proposing measures such as establishing a foundation to provide compensation for victims in place of the liquidated corporation after the completion of liquidation, suggesting that certain intentions (designs) may be at play regarding the religious organization's funds.

For the Reikan Benren (National Network of Lawyers Against Spiritual Sales), the more damages that can be obtained, the greater their legal fees. No doubt they are pressuring the

government to involve them in victim relief.

But most media outlets are not reporting this: victim relief and dissolution are separate issues. Back in 2012, the Reikan Benren sued the government for failing to file a dissolution request against the <u>Family Federation</u>, claiming it was an illegal inaction. After five years of litigation, they lost in 2017. That ruling clearly stated that "relief for individual victims is unrelated to the dissolution system." In fact, one could argue that for the sake of victim relief, it is better not to dissolve the <u>organization</u>.

Dissolution is intended, as in the case of Aum Shinrikyo [See editor's note 3 below] with the sarin attacks, to prevent irreparable harm to public safety in the future. I do not believe the present <u>Family Federation</u> poses such a danger if it continues to exist as a corporation.

See part 1 of the interview: <u>Invented Harm, Lawfare, and Dissolution Order</u>

The 2009 compliance declaration of the <u>Unification Church</u> of Japan (now the <u>Family Federation for World Peace and Unification</u>) was a formal commitment by the <u>organization</u> to reform its practices in response to longstanding public criticism and legal challenges.

The <u>Unification Church</u> in Japan had faced numerous allegations related to recruitment tactics and donation solicitation, termed "spiritual sales" (霊感商法) by a hostile network of activist lawyers who had declared the <u>religious organization</u> an enemy. These issues led to multiple lawsuits orchestrated by the activist lawyers and significant media backlash. This prompted the <u>organization</u> to take measures to restore its reputation and demonstrate compliance with legal and ethical standards.

The <u>religious organization</u> pledged to stop possibly unethical donation practices, including what the hostile network of lawyers claimed amounted to "pressuring members into making large financial contributions under spiritual pretexts."

This was in response to accusations from the same activist lawyers that followers "were being manipulated into giving away substantial amounts of money or property."

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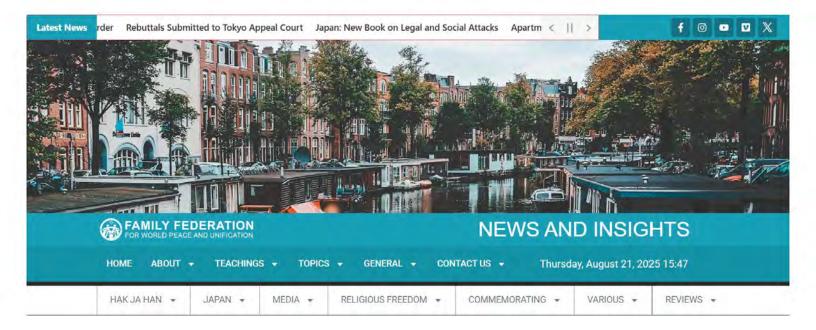
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[Editor's note 2: A non-contentious case refers to a legal matter where there is no dispute between parties. These cases typically involve administrative, procedural, or uncontested legal actions, such as probate (handling a deceased person's estate), uncontested divorces, adoption, or registering a trademark. Since there are no opposing parties or legal conflicts, these cases usually proceed smoothly through the legal system without litigation.]

[**Editor's note 3:** Aum Shinrikyo, a Buddhist new religious movement founded in 1984 by Shoko Asahara, preaching apocalyptic prophecies. It was dissolved in 1996 due to its leaders' criminal acts, including the Tokyo subway sarin gas attack in 1995 and the Matsumoto sarin incident in 1994.]

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- August 18, 2025
- · Knut Holdhus



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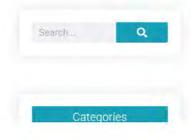
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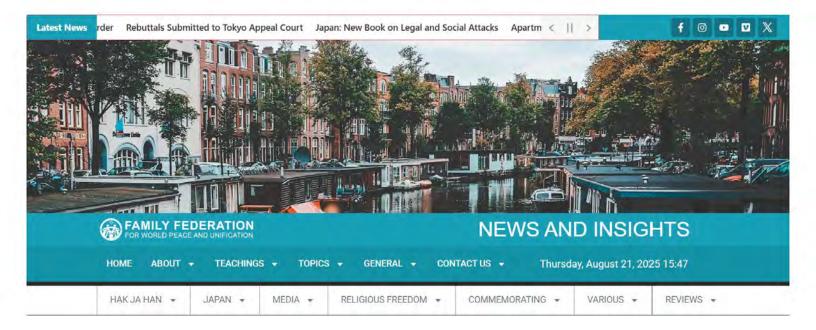
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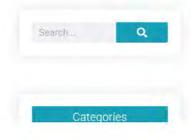
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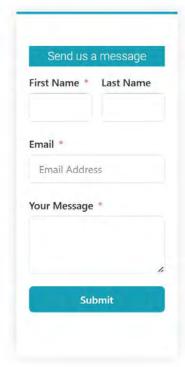
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### In your book, 35 experts voice their objections.

I'm grateful that they submitted their opinion papers. But it's still far too few. I wish there were many more.



The front cover page of "Objection to the 'Dissolution Order' Against the Family Federation – Statements from 35 Experts from Japan and Abroad". Good Time Publishing, 2025. Japanese only



- On 25<sup>th</sup> March, the *Tokyo District Court* issued a decision ordering the dissolution of the Family Federation. It held that the group's actions fell under Article 81, Paragraph 1, Item 1 of the *Religious Corporations Act* – namely, that the organization committed acts that "violated laws and regulations and were clearly recognized as seriously harming public welfare." What is your view of this decision?

It's a terrible decision. The court claimed that after the *Family Federation*'s 2009 "Compliance Declaration" [See editor's note below], there was still so-called "continuity" of harm at a scale that "cannot be overlooked".

But since the Compliance Declaration [See editor's note below], there has only been one lawsuit involving a person who joined the Federation after that declaration. Even if you include lawsuits filed by members who had joined before but sued after the declaration, there are only two cases involving three people in total.

Despite that, the court claimed there was harm on a "non-negligible" scale. How? By "speculating" based on settlements and out-of-court agreements, and by "assuming" there must be potential harm – a recognition that goes against the principle that judgments must be based on evidence.



Young members of the Family Federation on a trash-picking campaign in the area around their national HQ in Shibuya, Tokyo 18th August 2025. Photo: FFWPU

"Non-negligible" literally means "cannot be overlooked", but by itself those six characters (in Japanese) set no standard and are vague. It's not even terminology usually used in judgments. It feels like wordplay – a way of presupposing the conclusion. This is the worst part.

- Is there any precedent for a court issuing a decision based on "assumptions" or "speculation"?

No. Because it violates the evidentiary principle in trials. To recognize a

tort, you need concrete facts based on evidence. The court didn't do that. This is an unprecedented and abnormal ruling.

Why did they force it this way? Because they already had the conclusion in mind: they wanted to say there was "continuity", in other words, "non-negligible" harm. But there is almost no evidence of actual damage. In that way, cases where there was merely an out-of-court settlement, are against reason being treated as unlawful acts (torts).

 Most of the civil lawsuits used as evidence for the dissolution request involved harm from 30 years ago, yet the court concluded the same must still be happening today.

Exactly. The reasoning was: "There were problems in the past, so there must be problems now. The Compliance Declaration [See editor's note below] was only a stopgap measure, not a fundamental reform, so the 'problematic situation' remains." Even if I generously concede that much, they still claimed – without any basis – that the problems remained at a "non-negligible" scale. This vague and arbitrary "non-negligible" recognition comes from out of nowhere and is forced.



Protesting the dissolution order: Members of the Family Federation gathered for street-preaching and collection of signatures in the city of Kumamoto, Japan 17th August 2025. Photo: FFWPU

- Still, most major media supported the district court's decision. But now some experts are beginning to voice dissent.

Yes, I feel like at last, more people are starting to speak up.

There are other strange points too. For example, on 3<sup>rd</sup> March, the *Supreme Court* issued a **penalty ruling** regarding the Ministry's right to question the *Family Federation*, and in that ruling it said that "civil torts under the Civil Code also count" as grounds for dissolution. That logic was terrible. They stretched "violation of legal norms" to mean "violation of laws and regulations", going beyond the plain meaning of the statute. Yet the media didn't make a fuss. Out of 47,000 lawyers, hardly anyone raised objections. As a lawyer, I find that very disheartening. The *Tokyo District Court*'s dissolution decision simply followed this *Supreme Court* precedent.

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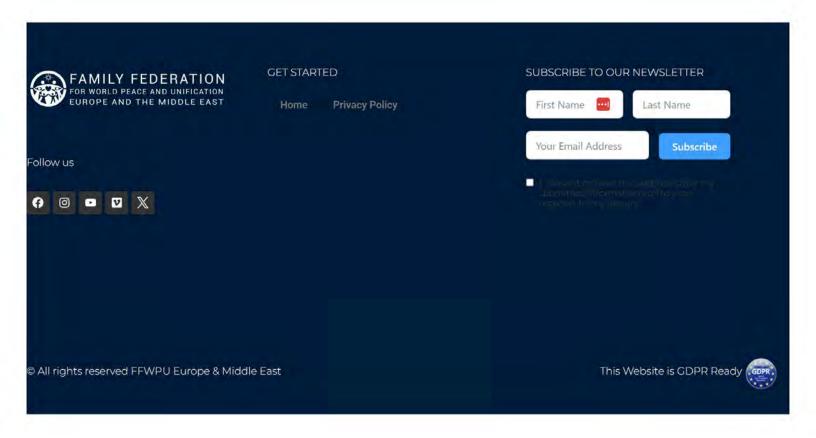
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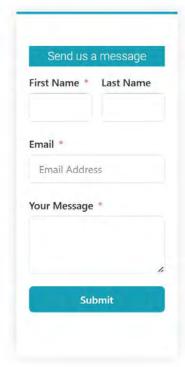
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