The Rising Tide

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1972

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Admit Failure!

WASHINGTON - Recently captured Vietcong military directives indicate that the Communists believe the current offensive in South Vietnam to be failing and that, by their own admission, the Viet Cong are suffering from serious "doubt," "lack of confidence" and "procrastination" among many troops, FLF has learned.

Three summary translations of enemy war documents, made available to FLF by former Vietnam correspondent Max Friedman, reveal the Communists to have serious misgivings about their ability to achieve any kind of victory in their current drive. Friedman said that the documents, usually unavailable to the American public, are of particular value since they "enable the reader to see for himself how closely the enemy stays with or deviates from his own orders" both in the past and in weeks ahead.

The Communist Central Office for South Vietnam (COSVN) Directive 42 called for the "preparatory phase" the offensive to be completed by the end of January, but it was not actually accomplished until the end of March. The "action phase" slated for "early February" did not begin until March 30th and will continue, probably unsuccessfully, through July.

The directive gives the following objectives, which it said were to be completed by

April of this year:

"a) to combine our military and political capabilities to attack the Government's Pacification program in areas controlled by the Government, areas controlled by ourselves, and contested areas, and to defeat the U.S. Viet-

namization program. Undermine Nixon's political influence and render his visit to Peking in February 1972 a political failure.

c) Shift the balance of power between ourselves and the Government and expand our influence by inflicting heavy losses on U.S. and Government forces."

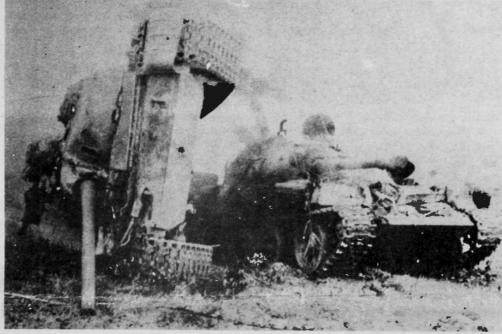
COSVN Directive 43, issued as an amplification of Directive 42 in late February gives details on the problems which the Communists encountered in trying to implement these objectives. These were:

"1) The dissemination of Party directives and resolutions has been inadequate and superficial... 2) Recruitment has been slow

and the task of strengthening Party chapters has not been accomplished.

3) Success achieved in the files of civilian population have

(see page 3, column 4)



Two of many Soviet-made tanks knocked out by ARVN troops.

World Freedom Conference Planned for August, Mexico

Preparations are currently under way for the Sixth Annual World Anti-Communist League (WACL) Conference, to be held in late August this year in Mexico City.

America!

Honor America

O beautiful for patriot dream,

Thine alabaster cities gleam,

That sees beyond the years,

Undimmed by human tears.

America!

From sea to shining sea.

O beautiful for heroes proved,

And mercy more than life.

May God thy gold refine,

Till all success be nobleness,

And every gain divine!

In liberating strife,

America! America!

God shed His grace on thee,

And crown thy good with brotherhood,

Who more than self their country loved

Mr. Osami Kuboki, President of the International Federation for Victory over Communism (IFVC), who is also a member of the Executive Committee of the WACL, attended the

July 4, 1972

preparatory Committee meeting in Mexico City, where he was met by Dr. Jorge Gonzalez Davilla, Prof. Sergio Lastra, Prof. Lic. Raimundo Guerrero, Mr. Ernesto del Castillo and more than 1000 youth members of the Mexican Anti-Communist Federation, which is the Mexican chapter of the WACL.

Greeted by overflow crowds of workers and students on several occasions, Mr. Kuboki, said he expects the coming WACL Conference to be a tremendous success with "real significance" and "unlimited possibilities."

Mr. Kuboki, who led the 25,000-person WACL Rally in Tokyo, 1970, was hosted in the U.S. by the Freedom Leadership Foundation earlier this year. He has projected a positive and inspirational appeal to scores of thousands of young people throughout the world and is one of the outstanding leaders in the struggle for ideological victory over Marxism. Unwilling to accept the feeling of gloom understandably in evidence among many freedom fighters, Mr. Kuboki proclaims "We, the younger generation, are going to live in the 21st Century with the hope of the unity of the world." "Our purpose, he added, "is not simply to object to Communism, but to represent a positive and moral ideology

(see page 4, column 1)

'Tide' Hits The Streets In Capital

"No thanks. I don't want any of that Communist propaganda' retorts a passerby to an FLF member selling copies of The Rising Tide.

"But sir, this is a newspaper working for freedom and against Communism," 'the pleading newspaper seller re-

"You gotta be kidding!" And "Where have you guys been?!!" Or, "At last! It's about time! I'll take one!!!"

Such 'are the responses of pleasantly surprised Tide customers once they realize that there are really young people in America working for freedom . . and in opposition to Marxism.

It's no wonder that The Rising Tide is mistaken for a * pro-Communist newspaper. There are over 400 radical underground newspapers being sold on the streets in the U.S. with a circulation of over 30 million!

Today many young people. especially college students, are being subjected to a constant barrage of Communist propaganda, while there has been little or nothing to counter it. This prompted FLF to develop The Rising Tide. as an underground newspaper to be sold on the streets and distributed without cost to students who nor-

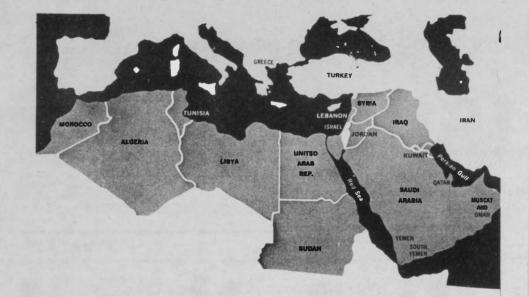
How to subscribe! see page 8

mally can't afford it. (FLF relies on donations and subscriptions to the Tide to compensate for the financial burden of disit to students for tributing

However, selling the Tide on the streets has certainly had its difficulties. There is always the problem of trying to avoid lengthy agruments with fanatics on the far right and the far left who take up time and frighten away potential customers.

There has also been the problem of convincing some policemen, not always familiar with newspaper selling codes, that it. is quite legal for us to sell the , paper near sensitive areas, like the White House. On one occasion an FLF member was told by a White House guard that, he could be fined for disorderly conduct merely for selling the

(see page 3, column 1).



Middle East:

No Easy Solution

by James Cowin

This article contains excerpts from an interview with Stephen Barber, Chief of the Washington News Bureau of the London Daily Telegraph. Born in Egypt, Mr. Barber was a Middle East correspondent for the AP and UPI during World War II. After the war, he covered stories throughout the Mediterranean. He has been in the United States for the past seven years.

Mr. Barber maintains that peace can come to the Middle East if both super powers refrain from interfering in the Arab-Israeli conflict. He feels that the continued Russian acti-

Arabs, and the United States should remain calm and take advantage of Soviet blunders. He points out, however, the complex problems involved in establishing a relationship with the Arabs.

He first explained that anticolonialist feeling among the Arabs had died down. "A complete new generation has grown up in circumstances where their nations are completely selfgoverning — for instance Egypt or Iraq. They blame the British only for the creation of Israel, as they resent being ruled by

"They feel that we Europeans

tried to purge ourselves of our sense of guilt at the massacre of the Jews by Hitler and the fact that we didn't do enough to get them out... that we tried to make amends by putting what was left of the Jews of Europe into Palestine... They say that two wrongs don't make a right."

He added that the Arabs believed "rightly or wrongly" that Jewish political influence caused the United States to become a major factor in the creation of Israel out of Arab terri-

He mentioned that the United States could counter that accusation by pointing out that "the Soviet Union was in fierce competition to recognize the state of Israel before the U.S.," and that the Soviets helped to arm Israel during the 1948 War of Independence.

The United States should also point out the "sinister" motives behind the change in the Russian position. "They are oldfashioned imperialists who exploit tension to consolidate their influence and military presence in the area, especially through Egypt... to control crucial areas like the strategic land bridge between Africa and Europe and Europe and Asia."

Through their influence in the Arab world, they seek to maintain "negative control" over the principle oil resources of Europe (60 percent) and Japan (85 percent). The recent nationalization of the Iraq Petroleum Company illustrates this possibility.

Russians the somewhat handicapped, as Mr. Barber pointed out. Although they have rearmed Egypt, they don't want another war. They have "no illusions about the military capabilities of the Egyptians... and they would lose prestige if the Egyptians lost. Also, any involvement in a fight with the Israelis would be extremely dangerous for them," as it could escalate into a war with the United States.

marked, "tends to be counterproductive." Increased Soviet interference in Arab affairs has reduced their popularity. During the abortive Communist coup in the Sudan, both the Egyptians and the Libyans helped the Numeiry regime to defeat the Communist insurgents. The Sudanese, once heavily pro-Moscow, severed diplomatic ties with the Soviets.

Also, the Russians and the (see page 4, column 3)
The Rising Tide

Restless Hungarians Test Russian Bear

By Dumitru Danielopol

WASHINGTON-Just as Leonid Brezhnev is congratulating himself on his agreements with President Nixon and his treaty with West Germany, trouble has popped up in another corner of his empire.

Hungary is stirring again, showing open anti-Soviet attitudes for the first time since the 1956 revolt.

"Soviet Analyst," published in London by Robert Conquest and Tibor Szamuely, two wellknown Kremlinologists, says:

"It is apparent to many observers of the Hungarian scene...that the present generation of Hungarian youth is disaffected and alienated from the regime as its elders."

Trouble has been brewing since March 15--the anniversary of the 1848 revolution, when thousands of students demonstrated before the statue of national hero Sandor Petoefi, shouting slogans, voicing complaints and demanding a better life and more freedom.

They recited the patriotic poem "Arise Magyar!"

Hundreds were arrested.

The complaints were almost identical to student demands that triggered the 1956 revol-

Though the western media treated the demonstration in an offhand way, the Hungarian Communist regime got a "nasty fright," according to the analyst. The 1956 revolution started at the Petgoefi statue. page 2

Despite--or rather because of the curtain of monolithic communism erected around it 25 years ago, Eastern Europe is today a more dangerous source of international crisis than at

Youthful discontent is well justified. Ever since 1956 the Hungarian economy has been closely knit with that of the USSR and the Soviets have been exploiting the country ruth-

The Hungarian government cannot rely on timely supply of Soviet raw materials and fuel. The Hungarian economy is in constant jeopardy.

"Owning to the abnormal economic pattern imposed upon her by the USSR, Hungary is in no position to seek for supplies on the world market," the paper

On his return from an unsuccessful Moscow trip Premier Jenoe Fock complained openly about a lack of Soviet cooperation in Hungarian economic "The economic relationship is becoming increasingly more disadvantageous for the weaker partner," the Hungarian premier said.

Growing nationalist feelings are becoming a headache. Pravda recently complained of "age old prejudices....of mistrust and enmity towards neighboring countries and of growing Zion-

The situation is explosive, says the London paper, because similar rumbles are being heard in other satellite countries of Eastern Europe.

any time in past, it claims.

Free Trade Unions:

May Day Message From Vietnamese

On this May Day of 1972, the Vietnamese Confederation of Labor (CVT) representing farmers, fisherman, planatation and various industrial workers democratically organized throughout South Vietnam, is sending you our warm fraternal

We ask you to understand the true nature of the tragedy in which we are struggling.

We want none of you to be lured by the most formidable propaganda machinery so cleverly manipulated by the North

Many of you are signing petitions for peace in Vietnam. We too, with all our hearts, long for peace. But the only peace we are offered is to prostrate ourselves in front of invading Communist divisions equipped by Russia and other Communist countires with the most sophisticated weapons.

Many of you are protesting the bombings of military installations that North Vietnam uses to support its invading forces. We too want the sounds of war silenced. All of them.

But on March 30, 1972, the North Vietnamese Army with hundreds of tanks crossed the Demilitarized Zone established by the 1954 Geneva Agreement bearing the signature of Vietnam With itself. modern rockets and artillery supplied by Russia, they shelled our villages and our cities, destroying our homes and killing our women and children. North Vietnam is raining on us modern rockets and shells by the thousands. How can it expect that its own military installations should be immune from the war they impose on our people and on others in Laos and Cam-

Ours is a struggle for ideals of peace, justice and liberty common to the free Labor Movement the world over, against all dictatorial regimes that ruthlessly oppose those ideals. What a tragedy to see some union leaders abroad marching in support of Hanoi, a dictatorial and despotic regime that has only suppressed the free movement in North Vietnam, but systematically seeks to assassinate free union leaders in South Vietnam.

Workers of the World, do not be fooled by the talk of the Communists. Their talk is peace and peace. Their deeds are war and more war. It is essential for you to under stand their language now. Tomorrow it might be too late. It is too late for the workers behind the iron and bamboo curtains.

May the present desperate struggle of the Vietnamese workers and peasants and the sufferings without hope of millions and millions of workers and peasants now enslaved behind the iron and bamboo curtains be a warning to you on this May Day celebration.

The Vietnamese Confederation of Labor Saigon, 1972

FLF Visits Freedoms Foundation

FLF National Staff officers Neil Salonen, Dan Fefferman, Gary Jarmin, James Cowin and Elena Barros paid a long-desired visit June 19, to the Freedoms Foundation in historic Valley Forge, Pa., where General Washington's Continental Army spent a trying winter during the darkest period of the Revolutionary War.

Begun in 1949 in an old horse barn, the Foundation now encompasses five major buildings. The simple Georgianstyle institution includes exeducational and research facilities. It serves as a living monument to the values which made our country great.

Chartered as a non-profit organization, the Foundation desires "to create. . .an understanding of the Spirit . . . of the Constitution and the Bill of Rights and of our individual bundle of economic and political freedoms inherent in them," and ". . . to support the spiritual unity born of the belief that man is a dignified human being created in the image of his Maker and . . . possessor of certain inalienable rights."

The Foundation sponsors a program of workshops for teachers and school administrators and awards for projects, speeches and activities which express the values of freedom and democracy, on which the United States was founded.

Of particular interest to the

FLF Staff were the J. Edgar Hoover Research Library on Communism and the Albert W. Hawkes Library on the American Credo. The FLF Staff, continually on the lookout for new ways to fulfill America's crying need for information on Communism and its consequences, considered the Hoover Library an oasis in an area which is becoming increasingly desert-like. FLF feels that Americans will not be able to defeat Communism until they understand the Communist ideology. Unfortunately, as most Americans do not understand the power of ideology, Marxism-Leninism has never been seriously studied in schools, and uninformed Americans cannot adequately argue against it.

Hawkes provided the greatest spiration. Vice-President for awards Mrs. William Grover met with the FLF Staff to discuss publicity and awards for activities. After the discussion, during which the youth leaders submitted copies of The Rising Tide and brochures of World Freedom Institute seminars as illustrations of FLF activities, the Staff began their tour of the Foundation grounds.

Both the FLF Staff and the members of the Freedoms Foundation felt that this initial contact would blossom into a mutually beneficial relationship to further the cause of freedom

July 3, 1972





"Quicksilver Times" salesmen quote Mao Tse-tung while FLF Program Coordinator Gary Jarmin solicits "Tide" subscription.

Tide Selling Difficult, But Worth the Effort

(continued from page 1)

Tide. (An FLF Staff member checked with the proper authorities and found that the guard was in error in this case.

fied with no hard feelings.)

A pleasant surprise was to find that young people between the ages of 13-18 are often our best customers. It's especially

important to reach those High School students, many of whom will soon be going to college and thus subjected to a greater influence of radical and prothat junk on the other side," is a common response from high-school aged customers. Responses like these make all the hard

important to reach those High School students, many of whom really worthwhile.

"How about it sir, ma'am. Do you want to buy a copy of America's fastest growing freedom newspaper:

"How about helping us out by deciding to subscribe? All you have to do is fill out the subscription form on the back."

=From the Underground=

Bread & Butter Revolution

work of writing, editing,

by Gary Jarmin■

A new wave of dissident protest and Soviet repression has been noted in recent weeks. Among the various forces working for freedom behind the iron curtain is a group engineering a "bread and butter" revolution, not seen since the days of the bloody riots that shook Poland in December 1970.

Recently, a dissident Soviet "Citizens' Committee" circulated literature containing a detailed attack against the Soviet government and also called for demonstrations and strikes. The painstakingly hand-typed pamphlets were distributed to a carefully selected group of about one thousand people around June 1. The statement accused the Soviet government of moving toward "state capitalism, the worst and most rapacious system of government, which enables the rulers to dispose of the national wealth and income without safeguards and to inflict arbitrary acts of violence."

"This kind of pitiless thieving and uncontrolled rule is what Germany had under Hitler's socialism," the statement continued.

The pamphlets also included some hard to get technical facts, which indicates the authors were probably technocrats or engineers and not members of the intellectual dissident movement.

"Our country has the richest resources and is the second industrial power in the world," the statement said. "Yet when it comes to living levels, the U.S.S.R. is the 26th place and last among developed countries."

The statement claimed that Soviet citizens' purchasing power is only 8 to 14 percent as high as the buying power of American, British, or West German workers

"Eighty percent of Americans have cars, 60 percent of the British and 50 percent of the Germans, but in the Soviet Union the percentage is 0.1. Western workers on unemployment compensation can buy two to four times as July 3, 1972

many things as an average employed Soviet worker."

A major grievance noted in the document concerned the relatively luxurious life led by the Soviet "priviligentsia."

"The Kremlin rulers live better than many Czarist bureaucrats or the past, and yet they call themselves the vanguard of the Soviet people. They exploit the working class, which can hardly make ends meet..."

Enclosed was also a bitter attack on Soviet militarism and imperialism which accused the Kremlin of wasting funds for ammunition shipments to "so-called fighters for freedom -- that is, to sustain dictatorial regimes in Egypt, Syria, Cuba, etc., which give military bases to the U.S.S.R."

Finally, the document concludes, urging the workers of Russia to strike in order to get their demands met..."Long live freedom and democracy."

As inevitable as the appearance of this document, was the immediate repression that followed its distribution. Several days later, Pytor I. Yakir, considered the leader of the dissident movement in Moscow, was arrested by Soviet Police on charges of submitting information to Western "propaganda agencies" which was used against the Soviet Union. A few days later Yuri Melnick, 26, an active dissident scientist, was sentenced to three years, in a labor camp for merely possessing foreign and underground publications.

For all their claims to have found the means to develop a "true man" and end human alienation and economic exploitation, it seems that the Soviets have created quite the opposite. They have attempted to remake man but as the seething protests continue to show us, the Communists can never remake man's desire for freedom!

The Rising Tide

Viet Cong Admit Drastic Situation

(continued from page 1) been poor, and the populace has not been adequately motivated to support the Revolution.

4) Development of village and district force armed units has been very slow.

been very slow.
5) Recruitment of secret guerillas has also been totally inadequate.

6) The task of enemy troop proselytizing has been handled very superficially, and certain of our echelons are lazy and unwilling to face dangers...

These shortcomings must be overcome prior to the end of May 1972."

They weren't. A supplement to COSVN 43 containing instructions for May-June betrays real desperation in the Central Office's attitude toward its representatives in the field.

States the supplement, "Military forces at the subregion and province level have scattered their assets in-

run Government sector and subsector headquarters. ... The speed of the development of the political offensive has been excessively slow. The city struggle movement, the Three Punches' has been paralyzed "Cadres have not fully grasped the decisiveness of the offensive and uprising (Our emphasis--ed). They have not been made to realize that this is the final and decisive stage which will complete the struggle against U.S. aggression and will bring the revolution to a new stage. As a result of doubt and lack of confidence, many echelons fear this offensive may fail as the 1968 Tet Offensive did Therefore, these echelons are at a standstill, listening and procrastinating.

"The May, 1972 phase must be broader and larger than that of the April 1972 phase. Half of the requirements set forth in the plan for the April through June must (still) be accomplished. This includes the requirement for the depletion of ARVN troop strength, the task of countering Government Pacification, and the task of liberating the bulk of the countryside in South Vietnam...

Two-thirds of the countryside must be liberated prior to the end of June, 1972."

Clearly, the Communists have failed to achieve all of their major objectives. Part of the credit, of course goes to President Nixon's decisive action in closing Haiphong and striking military and transport targets in North Vietnam. But the real credit must certainly go to the fighting men of the South Vietnamese Army. ARVN troops have often been portrayed in the American press as lacking in determination, it is in actuality the North Viet-namese and Vietcong, who, by their own admission, are weakening in spirit and unable to muster the strenth to win.

The tide has been turned in Vietnam. There will no doubt be continued struggles and occasional setbacks in the months and even years to come, but it looks like the "final, decisive stage" of the Vietcong's struggle has been won by the Army of the Republic of Vietnam.

Catholics in Coalition With Communists

An inter-American assembly of "Christians for Socialism" led by leftist Catholic priests in Santiago, Chile, has called for "a strategic alliance with Marxists" to "achieve socialism in Latin America."

Leading the organization of the assembly was Gonzalo Arroyo, a Jesuit chaplain at Santiago's Catholic University, and Alfonso Pujadas, a priest and director-general of the "Workers' Movement" at the same school. Delegates and observers from Argentina, Mexico, Peru, Cuba, the United States and other American countries attended.

The assembly's 1972 declaration states that "to achieve socialism requires more than a critical theory of capitalism. It also requires revolutionary action by the proletariat and a strategy that leads to the take-over of power."

The Rising Tide

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Mr. Kuboki (center) with anti-Communist leaders in Mexico.

WACL Set for August, 70 Coming from U.S.

and persuade all people, including. Communists, to join in realizing on earth a just and lasting peace, based on love and freedom for all mankind."

U.S. Preparations

In the United States. preparations were being made by the American Council of World . Freedom (ACWF) to send 70 delegates to the Conference. Dr. Walter A. Judd,. Honorary Chairman of the Council, has been instrumental in coordinating efforts of various American organizations participating in the ACWF program.
.. ACWF is the American af-

Fighting Still On In Middle East

Israeli forces and Palestinian guerrillas continued to battle in Lebanese territory, as guerrilla sources in Beirut reported an exchange of machine gunfire between Israeli patrol boats and guerrilla positions on the Lebanese coast. The current fighting began on June 20, when Palestinian terrorists, based in Lebanon, fired bazooka rounds into an Israeli tourist bus, seriously wounding · two Israelis, according to UPI accounts.

The Israelis responded with a series of infantry, air and artillary attacks into Lebanese territory, with the aim of hindering guerrilla operations in Southern Lebanon. During a June 21st raid, Israelis captured five high-ranking Syrian intelligence officers, who, Israeli sources reported, were planning . joint Lebanese-Syrian military operations against Israel. The Israelis are said to be offering the officers in exchange for Israelis held in Egyptian and Syrian fails:

Israeli Prime Minister Golda Meir denied speculation that the raids were reprisals for the massacre at Lod International Airport. "It's not a question of reprisal but of protection of our lives," she said

errata

The June 19 issue of TRT, mistakenly labelled Vol. II, No. 8, should read .Vol. II, No. 9.

In the June 5 issue, page one column 5, paragraph 4, "the Cambodian National Assembly on May 20 ousted Prince Sihanouk" should read ". . .March 20., . "

President Neil Salonen was elected to its Board of Directors Washington, 26, in

The 1972 WACL Conference in Mexico City promises to be an important event in the international struggle for world

dividuals in America or elsewhere who can possibly attend as observers are urged to do so in order to ensure the greatest possible success and strengthen united international efforts in the struggle against

Middle East: No Panacea

(continued from page 2)
Arabs "just don't like each other. They have different cultural values, different life styles... Communism per se is not at all attractive to the Arabs. They're not interested in ideology," ...and, they can see the superiority of Western technology over the technology of the East.

Barber remarked that the U.S. should not compete so eagerly for Arab favor, as this plays into the hands of Arab leaders who play both sides against each other. Instead, the U.S. should try to keep the Soviets from extending their influence in the Middle East.

A major problem, however, is that Arab leaders are "slaves of their own rhetoric." They must appear militant to offset Maoist guerrillas, such as those responsible for the Lod Airport massacre, who appeal to the nationalistic sentiments of the people.

Finally, Barber stressed that peace could eventually come, if Arabs and Israelis are free from outside interference. "As Israel becomes more of a Mideastern nation," and as the Arab technology is upgraded to the point where both cultures are compatible, then both can live in peace.

Mr. Barber's approach raises several questions. Despite Russian mishandling of relations with the Egyptians, the Soviet-Egyptian and Soviet-Iraqi friendship treaties give them a strong base from which to intervene in Mideastern affairs. Their interest in controlling the oil regions and in perpetuating the Arab-Israeli conflict presents a challenge to international stability. The United States must protect both the Israelis and the oil without further antagonizing the Arabs. There appears to be no ready solution to the problem of peace in the Middle East.

Chinese Students Show: Education Is Key Factor

The essential responsibility of an open society is sometimes misconstrued to be that of objectivity. However, if the society is not meant to become the equivalent of the empty society, its existence is predicated upon certain values and principles which must be developed, taught, and maintained.

The Communists know this very well. In every one of their technical and humanitarian aid programs to developing countries are politically trained "technicians," who simultan-eously perform their external functions and carry on indoctrination and propaganda activities. The increasing numbers of exchange students from such countries, awarded scholarships in Moscow, Peking, or Pyongyang do not fail to receive thorough political training along with their general studies. In some cases, such as with the 26 Mexican students who went to Pyongyang via Moscow not long ago, this training goes far beyond the political level, right down to the basic techniques of violent revolution.

Knowing these methods of our self-sworn opponent--and also knowing the stakes--it would seem that the Free World, and the United States in particular, would make a strenuous effort to win the peaceful war of ideas by vigorously proclaiming the benefits of our society and inviting the most promising leaders from developing nations to America for first hand observation and training. Not so, I am sorry to

In contrast with so many students being carefully trained in Communist countries, we find often equivalent numbers from such countries coming to the United States, Japan, etc .-but they are simply cast adrift into our society, with no official program offered the govern-

objectivity or because so many Americans mave lost faith in the essential "rightness" of our political ideals vis-a-vis those of the Communists it is now well accepted that government is not to propagandize either the domestic or foreign public.

This suits the Communists very well. With such a clear field, many militant pro-Communist groups such as the Black Panthers, NPAC, PCPJ, YSA, etc. can easily radicalize these visiting students, a perfect example of a free society's avoiding its responsibility to defend the underpinnings of its freedom -- a mistake which, uncorrected, might ultimately prove fatal. Nevertheless, since this is the existing situation, it remains for private groups to fill that void.

An example of this can be found in the experience of Chinese students in this country. In an effort to propose positive steps toward domestic reform, a fairly representative conference of Chinese in America was held in Chicago, in April 1971. To the chagrin of the vast majority of those in attendance, who were not formally organized, the entire meetnumber of well-organized pro--Communist students, who dominated the proceedings and focused debate on vehement Government.

The frustration of the majority of the students was tremendous, but unchanneled. Later, on September 21, at an ad-hoc demonstration outside the United Nations (to protest the growing trend toward the admission of Red China) some democratic student elements were determined to form an anti-Communist organization which would 1) organize the Chinese students in America to legitimately and accurately reflect their opinions and give support to their government, and 2) carry on ideological training to expose the tactics of the Communists, and enlighten newly arriving students before they became confused by Communist elements.

At this point, one key question needs to be answered: with little Communist activity and extremely few sympathizers on Taiwan, how did there come to be such a pro-Communist element among the Free Chinese students studying in this country? The answer is almost cause for national humilation: they were radicalized right here in the U.S., after oheir arrival.

With similar developments taking place every day among the Vietnamese and Korean students, the need for strong ideological education and training for foreign students arriving here is painfully obvious. Until the American government recognizes what is happening within our own borders, it is the responsibility of groups such as the FLF and others to provide that level of training and education--to expose the fallacies of Communism and promote a commitment to freedom and progress.

Returning to the Chinese students, in December 1971, an organizational conference was held at the Shoreham Hotel, Washington, D.C. At that time, the anti-Communist Federation of Chinese in America (AC-FCA) was formed, consisting of four federated regions. Each region will run its own programs and be coordinated by the National Executive Committee in New York. T.T. (Richard) Liu was elected secretary of the Executive Commit-

This effort is to be commended and supported, and it is our desire to cooperate in joint ideological programs soon. (See page 5, "World Freedom Institute"--ed.) But even more importantly, it points out the responsibility of our organization to work even harder to enlighten the American public-and our elected leaders--about the challenges which our society

struggle which is now taking place between the ideologies of Freedom and Communism. If America is to provide the leadership which the developing world so desperately needs, she must not shrink from the ideological battle, or she will find herself increasingly in conflicts of a less peaceful nature. At the moment, the choice is still ours.

We must not deny the



Chinese students march on U.N.

The Rising Tide

July 3, 1972

The controversy over the funding of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty, which had sparked heated debates in the U.S. Senate and emphatic editorials in newspapers on three continents, came to an end June 16, as the Senate passed the 38.5 million dollar appropriation requested by the Nixon administration. The 59 to 2 vote caused great exuberance among the many supporters of the two radio stations, who feared that the transmitters, which pierced the Iron Curtain with daily news broadcasts to an audience estimated at thirty million, would be forced off the air for lack of funds.

The controversy began last February, when Senate Foreign Relations Committee Chairman J.W. Fulbright (D-Arkansas) described the radio stations as "relics of the Cold War" in a speech and demanded an end to their existence. Fulbright, a neo-isolationist who believes that the Communists no longer desire world revolution, has repeatedly pushed for a conciliatory foreign policy toward the Soviets and the Red Chinese. Even after considering the massive Soviet arms buildup which made possible the latest Hanoi of-



PERCY-'News...absolutely controlled.'

fensive, continued Soviet power politics in the Middle East, and Russian and Red Chinese aid to left-wing terrorists throughout the world, he has spearheaded legislation designed to reduce U.S. aid to other nations in all forms, military, economic or technological.

In a brief discussion before the vote Senators Charles Percy (R-Illinois) and John Sparkman (D-Alabama) stressed that Radio Free Europe fulfills a serious purpose. Sen. Percy declared that ...in Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union freedom and freedom of information are restricted and only the voice of the government and the Communist Party is heard. The news is not simply managed; it is absolutely controlled. Were it not for Radio Liberty and Radio Free Europe, for the Voice of America and the BBC, a non-Communist point of view would never be heard on the airwaves of Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union.'

Previously, the Senate Foreign Relations Committee had approved the funding by a vote of ten to three. Their decision was based on hearings, in which they examined the purpose of the stations and called attention to the need for Europeans to share in the cost of operations.

One witness, Dr. Dirk Stikker, Chairman of the West European Advisory Committee of Radio Free Europe, reported that the Radio Free Europe broadcasts counteract a barrage of Communist propaganda distortions and give the East Europeans hope that they will eventually regain their freedom. Concentrating on such topics as the summit meetings, Chinese-Western relations, the West German treaties, Soviet pressure on nonconformist Warsaw Pact nations, the radios provide a true picture of the world situation and give evidence that others care about the people behind the Iron Curtain.

Stikker mentioned that between February 17, the date of Fulbright's speech, and April 30, 1972, at least 89 editorials and articles were published in leading newspapers of nine West European countries. Seventy-nine, "representing a broad spectrum of political coloration," supported the continuation of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty. Ten newspapers argued against continuation, and nine of these were

Aim Zeroes In

Keeping Media Honest Essential In Democracy

Last Fall, David Brinkley in more extreme forms, told his huge TV audience that the U.S. spends two-thirds of its regular tax income on the military. He then implied that the U.S. is more militaristic than Prussia in its heyday, since Prussia spent only half of its income on the military. Mr. Brinkley's figures were "way off," according to the Executive Secretary of Accuracy in Media, Inc. (AIM), Abraham Kalish.

Kalish claimed that expenditures for national defense last year were "only slightly over 40% of the revenues of the federal government. This year it is estimated that they will be 36% -- a far cry from the figure two-thirds given by Mr. Brinkley."

He went on to say that a more valid index of militarization than the percentage of federal revenue used for défense is the ratio between defense expenditures and Gross National Product, which he said was only "a bit over 7%" last year, "the lowest this ratio has been for many years."

· Kalish pointed out that inaccuracies such as Brinkley's are pictured as militaristic. Before often picked up and repeated, you know it, we have already July 3, 1972

Cites Example

"I was reading the book review section of the Sunday paper," he said, "when I came to the statement, 'Athens, like ourselves, became a military dictatorship.' I called up the author of the statement and asked 'At what date did we become a military dictatorship?' His answer implied about 15 or 20 years ago. I then pointed out that between 1952 and 1972, Federal expenditures for national defense had gone from 46 billion to 77 billion, while HEW federal expenditures had gone in the same period from 5 billion to 85 billion, a 17-fold increase. These figures hardly reflect a military dictatorship. The gentleman finally admitted that he had overstated the case; he also admitted that he accepted Brinkley's figures about the size of our military budget."

Kalish continued, "We can thus trace what might be the history of an inaccurate statement. On the basis of a misstatement of fact, the U.S. is

become a military dictorship. If young people come to believe that we are, they can feel justified to plan a revolution."

Thus the Abbie Hoffman's, the Kunstler's and many others who repeat such ideas are greeted on many college campuses by cheering crowds, and at the same time many colleges fear to invite contrary-minded speakers lest the meetings be broken up by student violence."

Kalish urged all concerned citizens to join AIM's campaign by sending well-documented letters pointing out the facts to the sources of errors in media coverage and asking that the corrections be transmitted to the public

He said that studies and press releases on various mediarelated issues are available from AIM headquarters and that "on the local level, after a period of obvious resentment, a number of newspapers, radio and TV stations have begun to respond to our efforts."

'Unless the news media supply the public with all pertinent facts on vital issues," Kalish, "our democracy cannot survive."

The Rising Tide

-editorial-

Than Nationalism

represents an important trend in the struggle for freedom in the Communist world. Brave men and women who have actively opposed Communist tyrannies, especially in Eastern Europe, have often done so on the grounds of nationalism, that is, in reaction to the subjugation of the rights of their nation or ethic minority to the will of the Russian empire as determined by the Soviet ruling elite. But Mihajlov is saying that this nationalism, however justified, will

be insufficient if freedom is ever to be achieved.

He knows, for instance, that one of the great appeals of Communism in Eastern Europe was its promise to transcend and do away with the national and ethnic struggles which have plagued that area of the world throughout its history. That promise, of course, was false; and the false faith with which it was pursued produced human misery and sorrow beyond most of our imaginations. But the goal of harmony among nations and unity among men is certainly worth pursuing. Ultimately, the cause which will overcome the tyranny of Communism is not a return to pure individualism or nationalism, but a commitment to a higher collective goal, which nevertheless maintains the freedom and dignity of the individual.

America too has something to learn from Mr. Mihajlov's ideas. As long as we base and justify the formation of our foreign policy solely on national interests, we will never regain the position we once held as an inspirational leader among men and nations--the champion of freedom and justice. A "fend-for-yourself" world is not the kind of world a nation's youth will sacrifice to try and achieve. And when small nations face the danger of extinction or totalitarian subjugation without our support, a "fend-foryourself' attitude betrays our real national purpose to serve the people of the world, as the Communists mockingly claim they do

As Mihajlov points out, the Communist pseudo-religious ideal will never be replaced until a true religious ideal surpasses it, replacing totalitarian internationalism with a spiritual bond of love and righteousness which transcends national and racial barriers not

by force, but by free, creative interaction.

There are indications that Mihajlov's attitude is increasingly representative of the young generation behind the iron curtain. If so, then the hope of freedom for them and their children is far from

WFI Needs YO

The World Freedom Institute is the educational and training division of FLF; WFI programs are designed to give students and other youth leaders a comprehensive assessment of the current international struggle. By understanding precisely what Communism has promised, and what it has in fact produced, these young people have recognized the urgent need to fight against the Communist ideology, and to strengthen our democratic alternatives to it.

We have held a number of stimulating seminars in local churches (Labor Day 1971-Unification Church, Washington, D.C.) and universities (November 1971-George Washington University--and May 1972-University of Maryland).

Present planning calls for an increased number of one day workshops, and inaugurating a week-end retreat-style cadre-development program this Fall. Other activities of the WFI include the periodic publication of short scholarly articles, SYNTHESIS, and a gradually emerging specialized library and research center. The rate of growth for all these projects is necessarily tied to the overall growth and financial stability of the entire Foundation. As a basic philosophy, all of our programs and facilities are available and can be adapted to other interested groups and individuals.

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IFVC Leading Youth To Ideological Victory

for Victory over Communism is the largest international youth movement of its kind. Since it began in 1968, the IFVC has expanded to over 20 countries and now boasts a membership of more than 300,000. This year the Freedom Leadership Foundation (FLF) became the American affiliate of the IFVC and its official representative in the United Stafes.

Activities sponsored by the founders of the IFVC began as carly as 1966 in South Korca, but the organization was not officially established until January 13, .1968. At that time, Mr. In Chol Kim, a long-standing Korcan patriot and fighter against North Korean Communism, became ohairman of the new and fast-growing organization. Its principle founder, Mr. Sun Myung Moon, developed the strategic theory for "Victory-over-Communism" based on a scientific and religious concept he authored known as the Unification Ideology after suffering inhuman torture at the hands of the Kim regime and witnessing first-hand how the Communist dogma suppresses the intellectual and spiritual search for truth.

The IFVC stands out among other similar organizations because it is not merely anti-Communist, but calls for ideological victory over Communism. It is unique in that its ideology not only exposes the fallacies of Marxism-Leninism. But also provides a superior view of man's human nature, history, and a method through which the long desired world of peace. freedom, and justice can be realized.

The basic purposes of the IFVC are:

· To conduct research in the further development of the theory of Victory-over-Com-

To give educational training to people willing to work for the movement for Victory over Communism.

• To conduct a propaganda campaign via streetside activities, lecture meetings, rallies,

· To inform the public of the fallacy of Communist ideology through the publication of newspapers, magazines, pamphiets, etc.

• To organize the International Unified Front for Victory over Communism by promoting friendship and cooperation with other organizations at home and abroad.

The IFVC in Korea has been

very successful in achieving its sions usually last one week, and goals and has to date trained over 5 million students, workers, professors, soldiers, and clergymen in the Theory for Victory over Communism (V.O.C.). The main training center, located on the outskirts of Seoul, accommodates 400 people at a time. Training ses-

are almost always attended by a capacity crowd.

Japan Activities

In Japan, where Communism has become much more widespread, the IFVC has launched (see page 7, column 3)



FLF, IFVC members mobilize for 1970 WACL Rally. "Let's join our hands, friends of the earth."

Nationalism In Communist Countries:

The Way to Impasse"

The author was released from prison in March 1970 after three and a half years in prison-more than seven months in solitary confinement-for writings which the Yugoslav government termed "hostile propaganda." The article was first published by Freedom House and is used with per-

by Mihajlo Mihajlov

There is an opinion, extraordinarily widespread, especially in the West, that the growth of national movements in totalitarian countries is only the first stage on the way to democratization and final recovery of society from the cancerous tumor of totalitarianism.

At first glance that appears o he tous. For example: Czechoslovakia in 1968. It is believed that national communist parties, leading the fight for their independence, immediately receive support from all national democratic forces. In this way the unity of the totalitarian camp is destroyed and citizens of countries in which so-called national communism prevails, receive somewhat more rights and liberties. Consequently, the growth of national movements in totalitarian countries, and especially the U.S.S.R., is only to be ac-

Precisely this opinion I regard as deeply mistaken and false. To see in the rebirth of nationalism a power resisting totalitarianism means not to understand where are the roots giving life to the violent flourishing of totalitarian dictatorships in our century.

Of course, the fight for national ihdependence, just like every other struggle for freedom, provokes sympathy and admiration. However, I venture to express a thought

cal to all enemies of totalitarianism: internationalism was, is, and will be the greatest ideological power of communism; and until the time when the idea of totalitarian internationalism is resisted by the idea of antitotalitarian internationalism, and the communist pseudoreligion by a true religion—until then the presently prevailing totalitarianism is invincible, and no national movements will subvert its foundations, but only alter its form. "In order to conquer the lie of communism one has to admit its truth," Russian philosopher Vladimir Soloviev wrote almost a century ago. And the truth of communism is not only in the demands for socio-economic justice, but also in its internationalism. Of course, one reality there was never any internationalism in the communist countries at all; however, that objection is not essential because it does not touch the very idea of "proletarian internationalism."

National communist movements no panacea

The breakup into national communist movements represents not the healthy recovery of totalitarian countries, but only a further stage of the illness. National communism can be incomparably more tolerant in relation to democracy, more firm and gloomy; and the flirtation with democracy in the process of struggling for independence from a single center is rapidly brought to nothing. The big question remains: where in the future can one more readily

which perhaps will seem hereti- conceive the "recovery' society-in dependent or independent totalitarian countries? Those who entertain optimistic expectations for national rebirth may recall the existence of people who were-to excessnationally independent and at the same time fervently totalitarian, such as Germans during Hitler, Italians at the time of Mussolini, etc. And China, too, is presently also independent.

Analyzing aspirations of national forces in the critical moments of the struggle for the independence of "their" communist parties-in Poland, Hungary, Czechoslovakia-we find everywhere demands for classical democratic liberties: freedom of speech, press, religion, political organizing and strikes. In all these demands there is nothing excep-tionally. national—Polish. Hungarian or Czech; and the demand for national independence of each of these countries is put forward as a necessary condition for realization of the before-mentioned democratic liberties. The expected liberties and democratic rights for which the struggle is being waged are not national, but precisely international. And this represents the basic tragedy and contradiction of all national movements. Truly democratic movement in totalitarian countries, dependent or independent, can be only international.

Spiritual realities above nationalism

The truth of internationalism is in the fact that there exist spiritual realities far more important and deeper than national realities. Not only



MIHAJLOV

class realities are involved. Disintegration of the international communist movement shows that communist internationalism was not built on basic but on secondary realities. The renaissance of nationalism which can be observed presently in the communist world is in essence a step back, to the initial positions. The problems which provoked powerful totalitarian movements of our century remain unsolved. And until the appearance of an ideological force which will open the way to a true and not false internationalism, the so-called "pro-letarian internationalism" will be invincible, even in the event all totalitarian countries become independent from any single center.

People are bound together not by the chance nature of their origins, but by the community of undertaken tasks and strivings. I am convinced that one could have observed in the actual creation of a communist nation, the formation of uniform facial characteristics of party members, independent of their nationalities. Although

(see page 7, column 1)

Black Author Visiting Russia Arrested by Soviet Authorities

by Isaiah Poole

A Black editor, on tour with President Nixon in Russia, was grabbed and taken into custody y the Russian Secret Service without explanation as he attempted to cover Mrs. Nixon's visit to Moscow University, Jet

magazine reported recently. Robert E. Johnson, the executive editor of Jet, was rescued by a member of the U.S. Secret Service from Russian officials who claimed they did not believe that he was a member of the press and was legitimately covering the event, even after he recorded the event, Johnson any, of the governmental,

The Rising Tide

described his arrest as a 'strange feeling."

In the light of Angela Davis' plans to go to Russia after a lenghty, grueling trial which ended in her acquittal, Johnson made some interesting finds concerning Black culture in Russia. The Soviet government keeps no census on the number of Blacks in the country, although it has an extensive record of facts and population figures of Jews and other minorities. The best guess, says Johnson, of the population is a thinly spread 200 or so, roughly 35 of which reside in Moscow. Among these, none of showed his credentials. As he them seem to play a key role in

educational, and business functions vital to the existence of the Soviet system. However, many Black foreign students reside in the Soviet Union hnson vis Lumumba University, a school which was named for the African leader after the students made a proposal to the administration. Students of African descent study at the university free, but are required to return to their countries after graduation.

Johnson fell short of accusing Russia of racism, but he did say in his article that if, for the Black man. America is Paradise lost, then Russia is not Paradise regained.

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Helmetted Zengakuren respond by attacking IFVC members and bystanders in the crowd.

page 6

Chile:

Allende Suppresses

Freedom of Press

from "Chile, La Verdad"

Chilean President Allende's propaganda tries to show that his government is a "different" type of Communist government-"a peaceful and democratic path to socialism." He stated once "we're not looking for repressive laws in the possibility of stopping the attacks against us. We are not concerned about criticism. We do not only accept it, but we even demand it."

However, during the 17 months of his administration more independent journalists have been subject to repression than in any other complete Chilean presidential administration. The main tool used in this persecution against the democratic press has been the Interior Security Law of the State, the most repressive and illogical legislation when used by a totalitarian mentality...Besides this, there is a planned and permanent campaign, directed personally by President Allende. His purpose is to frighten, to use psychological pressure on and to undermine the prestige of those informed members of the media and newspapermen who do not support his regime or those who denounce the spreading of the totalitarian blanket of the Marxist-Leninist-Communist-Socialist coalition.

Mihailov

(continued from page 6)

this process is far from ended, it is very much undermined by the Twentieth Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. In contrast to the French thinker Teillard de Chardin, who believed that humanity can be divided into men who believe in progress and those who do not, it seems to me that the deepest division can be observed between men who believe in power and those who believe in freedom. Those believing in dictatorship; and those believing in democracy, law and order. The former are atheists and the latter are religious people, no matter whether they are aware of it or not, and no matter what they consider themselves to be.

The communists are men who believe in power and who are striving toward one thing--absolute power; and no matter how they color themselves nationally, they will not become democrats for all that. The belief in dictatorship and the striving toward power are not national, either. The differences between those who believe in power and those who believe in freedom are considerably greater than any national characteristics. It seems to me that soon one will be able to observe how totalitarian parties urge national movements of "their" countries to clash with one another, in order to suppress the possibilities of international unification of democratic forces of all totalitarian countries. And until there exists a more powerful idea of true internationalism, resulting exclusively from a religious rebirth, totalitarianism cannot be conquered by any national renaissance.

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For example, Allende himself called them "mercenaries. delinquents, and people ready to sell their own country." Speaking of the Editor of SEPA MAGAZINE he once termed him a "hydrophobic mongrel." This same publication alone has been the object of about twenty judicial procedures initiated by the government, for supposed infractions of the Interior Security Law of the State. "La Moneda" (Chilean White House) has processed the same number of cases against TRIBUNA newspaper. As a result of government request, SEPA has been suspended six times for several weeks. PEC magazine was suspended in an instance for fifteen days.

At the beginning of December 1971, the government closed four Radio Stations (Balmaceda, Agricultura, Santiago, and Cooperativa) which operate democratically and free from Marxist control. At the end of that same month, using a strike of radio operators as their tool, the Marxist-Leninist government



IFVC-organized WACL Rally, Tokyo, 1970. 25,000 attended.

IFVC Mobilizes World Youth Through Ideological Offensive

(continued from page 6)

an all out campaign to confront and overcome Communist influence. The Japanese IFVC has held several large demonstrations, training sessions, and marches to rally people against the growing threat of Communism in their homeland, and thus maintain freedom and demo-

Daily activities of the IFVC include street-speaking from buses, selling newspapers, and giving sidewalk lectures. Very often IFVC members are physically attacked and are constantly harrassed by radical

Communists. Nine FLF members participated in these streetspeaking campaigns while on a V.O.C. training mission to Japan and other countries in September, 1970. During our visit many of us personally experienced attacks by the radical ZENGAKUREN, an extreme left-wing Communist student organization. A more infamous branch of the Zengakuren called "Rengo Sekigun" (United Red Army) was responsible for the recent airport massacre in Tel Aviv, in which 26 innocent people were killed.

The Japanese IFVC also held one of the largest Vic-

tory-over-Communism rallies in history on September 20, 1970. More than 25,000 people, including 250 delegates from 53 foreign countries attended the event. More recently, the Japanese IFVC held a World Victory-over-Communism Youth Conference and Rally, April 27-28 in Tokyo, which was attended by 3,500 students from 13 countries. An even larger conference was held later in Korea.

teaching FLF now the V.O.C. theory here in the U.S. and has already trained hundreds of students through its educational arm, the World Freedom Institute. FLF is also active in conducting nationwide street-speaking campaigns, demonstrations, and campus distribution of The Rising. Tide.

Appeals to Youth

IFVC's greatest achievement is its successful appeal to students and rallying thousands of young people all over the world in the struggle against Communism. Why has IFVC been so successful in winning young people to this cause? The key is ideology!

The V.O.C. theory teaches that Marxism's greatest error is its belief that the material world and material relationships alone determine one's consciousness, religion and culture. Herein lies the root of Communism's atheistic and anti-human nature. and ultimately the seed of its own destruction.

Truth ultimately prevails over falsehood, and consequently freedom over slavery. The establishment of dissenting religious and human rights movements in Communist countries is thus inevitable and will serve as the foundation for the eventual liberation of people under Communism's totalitarian rule. However, for this foundation to be successful an international movement for ideological Victory over Communism must come forth to stimulate and inspire the forces striving for liberation.

The irreversible trend of history is toward the realization of freedom, spiritually, physically. and intellectually. The IFVC is now taking the lead in unifying Communist candidates and the youth of the world and accomplishing this inevitable goal.

Elections Top Priority, U.S. Communists Say

The U.S. Communist Party recently issued its platform for the 1972 Presidential elections. No one seriously expects a Communist victory in November, of course, so why do the comrades bother?

General Secretary Gus Hall explains: "We must reject any narrow idea that the elections are limited to a few demagogic speeches and casting a vote. We must see them as a form of mass struggle in which millions are actively involved... as important as who will win will be what ideas will win ... " (Italics are in the original document appearing in the March issue of PO-LITICAL AFFAIRS, the USCP's ideological journal.) . "End the war in Indochina by

a complete, unconditional withdrawal of all men, arms and supplies. Dismantle all military bases. End all support to the corrupt Thieu regime." This is the first item in the Communist platform, but it is also echoed by some of the major candidates. As Comrade Hall says: It's not who but what ideas are put across during the 1972 election campaign. That is why, in Hall's words, "This is going to be a very critical election" year.

The U.S. Communist Party intends to play a major role in the 1972 elections. "From now until next November," Hall notified members attending the Party's national convention, "this election campaign is the heart of press circulation — of industrial concentration — of Party education and training... Because this campaign is on the front burner, let every member, every leading comrade rearrange all schedules and appointments so that he or she will be on call for the election campaign 24 hours a day.'

"We can influence what takes place before and after the conventions," he adds, "by building independent coalitions in congressional districts, in cities and wards. We can influence events by initiating issues-conferences. by iniating mass actions and movements. And we must continue our efforts and support to all forces which are moving towards a more meaningful national independent coalition."

The Communists also believe the 18- to 2i-year-old vote will be an asset in their favor. "These young people are already adding a new note to the campaign. They are most ready to sign our election petitions, Hall says, noting that "the old parties are spending huge sums trying to steer them into the two-party channels." These efforts, he adds, have not been very successful: "All polls indicate that the youth are the most politically independent group. They are an indispensable group for the new independent formation. There is no doubt that the youth are going to be a big factor in our campaign."

The Party's 1972 platform promises something for everyone at first glance: strict price controls with an end to wage freezes, a \$5 an hour wage minimum, free 24-hour care centers for working mothers, guaranteed \$6,500 income for a family of four, higher welfare payments, national health programs and more.

In addition the Party would "abolish all income taxes on family earnings of \$15,000 a or less, and would do away with "proper taxes on homes assessed at \$25,000 or less." In turn it would "immediately nationalize public utilities electric, gas, telephone, rail-

The Rising Tide

road bus and airlines" as well as the pharmaceutical industry. The Communists would "de-

mocratize the armed forces," according to another Party plank, allowing for a "service-men's union." The idea is far from new. Andy Stapp, the selfavowed Communist and guiding light of the so-called "American Servicemen's Union," told a meeting of young leftists and Black Panther members in 1969 that his organization was building an army within an army, a workers' militia inside the U.S. army, and along with the Panthers and others we are going to make revolution."

Still another Communist Party plank proposes to "abolish the FBI." The Communists also propose to "Abolish the Subversive Activities Control Board, the House and Senate Internal Security Committees" and "End police brutality, Disarm all po-

As Comrade Gus Hall says, these are going to be some of the issues "millions of Americans" will be hearing about in the coming pre-election months. These are the ideas the Communists want discussed and debated in the press, on television and radio, not by Communist candidates and their fellow travelers alone, but by nondupes as well.

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Chile

(continued from page 7)

coalition silenced the broadcastings of the above mentioned and other radio stations in the country. Not satisfied with this, they also forced the owners of these stations to sign a readjustment of wages with their employees. The finds those radio stations at the edge of economic collapse.

El Mecurio, the oldest Chilean newspaper and considered one of the most prestigious Hispanic language publications, has been the objective of systematic pressures and threats performed by the Marxist-Leninist coalition and especially by Allende himself. While campaigning for the Presidency, he announced his intended expropriation of this

The National T.V. Channel, financed by all Chileans, has become a propaganda tool for diffusion and teaching of Marxism. while Television 9 is owned by the University of Chile and is run by the extreme terrorist group M.I.R. which was founded by Allende when he held the position of President of OLAS (Latin American Solidarity Organization). Its daily actions promotes clear and open subversion. The only television station that maintains a relatively objective viewpoint and is independent from the government is Channel 13. owned by the Catho-lic University. Due to this, the government denied authorization to this Channel for broadcasting throughout the whole country-Marxist-controlled National Channel 7 has this privilege.

Meanwhile, former president Eduardo Frei spoke quietly but vehemently in his own defense having received yet more verbal criticism from Allende's government. He ended his speech with these words: "I feel anguish when I think how hard it will be to reconstruct Chile, because it is very easy to destroy but more difficult to build...The fight of the democratic forces of Chile is an undefeatable hope..IT WILL NEVER BE STOPPED..." page 8

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